Adopted

Rejected

COMMITTEE REPORT

YES: 12 NO: 0

MR. SPEAKER:

Your Committee on <u>Commerce, Energy and Utilities</u>, to which was referred <u>Senate</u>

Bill 206, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill **be amended** as follows:

1	Page 1, delete lines 1 through 17, begin a new paragraph and insert:
2	"SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-6.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.1. (a) As used in
4	this section, "clean coal technology" means a technology (including
5	precombustion treatment of coal):
6	(1) that is used at a new or existing electric or steam generating
7	facility and directly or indirectly reduces or avoids airborne
8	emissions:
9	(A) of:
0	(i) carbon, sulfur, mercury, or nitrogen based pollutants; or
1	(ii) particulate matter;
2	(B) that are associated with the combustion or use of coal;
3	and
4	(C) that are regulated, or reasonably anticipated by the
5	commission to be regulated, by:
6	(i) the federal government;

1	(ii) the state;
2	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; or
3	(iv) any agency of a unit of government described in
4	items (i) through (iii); and
5	(2) that either:
6	(A) is not in general commercial use at the same or greater
7	scale in new or existing facilities in the United States as of
8	January 1, 1989; or
9	(B) has been selected by the United States Department of
10	Energy for funding under its Innovative Clean Coal
11	Technology program and is finally approved for such funding
12	on or after January 1, 1989.
13	(b) As used in this section, "Indiana coal" means coal from a mine
14	whose coal deposits are located in the ground wholly or partially in
15	Indiana regardless of the location of the mine's tipple.
16	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the commission shall allow
17	a utility to recover as operating expenses those expenses associated
18	with:
19	(1) research and development designed to increase use of Indiana
20	coal; and
21	(2) preconstruction costs (including design and engineering costs)
22	associated with employing clean coal technology at a new or
23	existing coal burning electric or steam generating facility if the
24	commission finds that the facility:
25	(A) utilizes and will continue to utilize (as its primary fuel
26	source) Indiana coal; or
27	(B) is justified, because of economic considerations or
28	governmental requirements, in utilizing non-Indiana coal;
29	after the technology is in place.
30	(d) The commission may only allow a utility to recover
31	preconstruction costs as operating expenses on a particular project if
32	the commission awarded a certificate under IC 8-1-8.7 for that project.
33	(e) The commission shall establish guidelines for determining
34	recoverable expenses.
35	SECTION 2. IC 8-1-2-6.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.6. (a) As used in
37	this section:
38	"Clean coal technology" means a technology (including

1	precombustion treatment of coal):
2	(1) that is used at a new or existing electric or steam generating
3	facility and directly or indirectly reduces or avoids airborne
4	emissions:
5	(A) of:
6	(i) carbon, sulfur, mercury, or nitrogen based pollutants; or
7	(ii) particulate matter;
8	(B) that are associated with the combustion or use of coal;
9	and
0	(C) that are regulated, or reasonably anticipated by the
1	commission to be regulated, by:
2	(i) the federal government;
3	(ii) the state;
4	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; or
5	(iv) any agency of a unit of government described in
6	items (i) through (iii); and
7	(2) that either:
8	(A) is not in general commercial use at the same or greater
9	scale in new or existing facilities in the United States as of
20	January 1, 1989; or
21	(B) has been selected by the United States Department of
22	Energy for funding under its Innovative Clean Coal
23	Technology program and is finally approved for such funding
24	on or after January 1, 1989.
25	"Indiana coal" means coal from a mine whose coal deposits are
26	located in the ground wholly or partially in Indiana regardless of the
27	location of the mine's tipple.
28	"Qualified pollution control property" means an air pollution control
29	device on a coal burning electric or steam generating facility or any
0	equipment that constitutes clean coal technology that has been
31	approved for use by the commission, that meets applicable state or
32	federal requirements, and that is designed to accommodate the burning
33	of coal from the geological formation known as the Illinois Basin.
4	"Utility" refers to any electric or steam generating utility allowed
55	by law to earn a return on its investment.
66	(b) Upon the request of a utility that began construction after
37	October 1, 1985, and before March 31, 2002, of qualified pollution
8	control property that is to be used and useful for the public

1	convenience, the commission shall for ratemaking purposes add to the
2	value of that utility's property the value of the qualified pollution
3	control property under construction, but only if at the time of the
4	application and thereafter:
5	(1) the facility burns only Indiana coal as its primary fuel source
6	once the air pollution control device is fully operational; or
7	(2) the utility can prove to the commission that the utility is
8	justified because of economic considerations or governmental
9	requirements in utilizing some non-Indiana coal.
10	(c) The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement
11	this section.
12	SECTION 3. IC 8-1-2-6.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.7. (a) As used in
14	this section, "clean coal technology" means a technology (including
15	precombustion treatment of coal):
16	(1) that is used in a new or existing electric or steam generating
17	facility and directly or indirectly reduces or avoids airborne
18	emissions:
19	(A) of:
20	(i) carbon, sulfur, mercury, or nitrogen based pollutants; or
21	(ii) particulate matter;
22	(B) that are associated with the combustion or use of coal;
23	and
24	(C) that are regulated, or reasonably anticipated by the
25	commission to be regulated, by:
26	(i) the federal government;
27	(ii) the state;
28	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; or
29	(iv) any agency of a unit of government described in
30	items (i) through (iii); and
31	(2) that either:
32	(A) is not in general commercial use at the same or greater
33	scale in new or existing facilities in the United States as of
34	January 1, 1989; or
35	(B) has been selected by the United States Department of
36	Energy for funding under its Innovative Clean Coal
37	Technology program and is finally approved for such funding
38	on or after January 1, 1989.

1	(b) The commission shall allow a public or municipally owned
2	electric or steam utility that incorporates clean coal technology to
3	depreciate that technology over a period of not less than ten (10) years
4	or the useful economic life of the technology, whichever is less and not
5	more than twenty (20) years if it finds that the facility where the clean
6	coal technology is employed:
7	(1) utilizes and will continue to utilize (as its primary fuel source)
8	Indiana coal; or
9	(2) is justified, because of economic considerations or
10	governmental requirements, in utilizing non-Indiana coal;
11	after the technology is in place.
12	SECTION 4. IC 8-1-2-6.8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.8. (a) This
14	section applies to a utility that begins construction of qualified
15	pollution control property after March 31, 2002.
16	(b) As used in this section, "clean coal technology" means a
17	technology (including precombustion treatment of coal):
18	(1) that is used in a new or existing energy generating facility and
19	directly or indirectly reduces or avoids airborne emissions:
20	(A) of:
21	(i) carbon, sulfur, mercury, or nitrogen oxides;
22	(ii) particulate matter; or
23	(iii) other regulated air emissions;
24	(B) that are associated with the combustion or use of coal;
25	and
26	(C) that are regulated, or reasonably anticipated by the
27	commission to be regulated, by:
28	(i) the federal government;
29	(ii) the state;
30	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; or
31	(iv) any agency of a unit of government described in
32	items (i) through (iii); and
33	(2) that either:
34	(A) was not in general commercial use at the same or greater
35	scale in new or existing facilities in the United States at the
36	time of enactment of the federal Clean Air Act Amendments
37	of 1990 (P.L.101-549); or
38	(B) has been selected by the United States Department of

1	Energy for funding under its Innovative Clean Coal
2	Technology program and is finally approved for such funding
3	on or after the date of enactment of the federal Clean Air Act
4	Amendments of 1990 (P.L.101-549).
5	(c) As used in this section, "qualified pollution control property"
6	means an air pollution control device on a coal burning energy
7	generating facility or any equipment that constitutes clean coal
8	technology that has been approved for use by the commission and that
9	meets applicable state or federal requirements.
10	(d) As used in this section, "utility" refers to any energy generating
11	utility allowed by law to earn a return on its investment.
12	(e) Upon the request of a utility that begins construction after March
13	31, 2002, of qualified pollution control property that is to be used and
14	useful for the public convenience, the commission shall for ratemaking
15	purposes add to the value of that utility's property the value of the
16	qualified pollution control property under construction.
17	(f) The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement
18	this section.
19	SECTION 5. IC 8-1-8.7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. As used in this
21	chapter, "clean coal technology" means a technology (including
22	precombustion treatment of coal):
23	(1) that is used in a new or existing electric generating facility and
24	directly or indirectly reduces or avoids airborne emissions:
25	(A) of:
26	(i) carbon, sulfur, mercury, or nitrogen based pollutants; or
27	(ii) particulate matter;
28	(B) that are associated with the combustion or use of coal;
29	and
30	(C) that are regulated, or reasonably anticipated by the
31	commission to be regulated, by:
32	(i) the federal government;
33	(ii) the state;
34	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; or
35	(iv) any agency of a unit of government described in
36	items (i) through (iii); and
37	(2) that either:
38	(A) is not in general commercial use at the same or greater

1	scale in new or existing facilities in the United States as of
2	January 1, 1989; or
3	(B) has been selected by the United States Department of
4	Energy for funding under its Innovative Clean Coal
5	Technology program and is finally approved for such funding
6	on or after January 1, 1989.".
7	Delete pages 2 through 5.
8	Page 6, delete lines 1 through 8.
9	Page 7, delete lines 14 through 42, begin a new paragraph and
0	insert:
1	"SECTION 7. IC 8-1-8.8-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. As used in this
3	chapter, "clean coal technology" means a technology (including
4	precombustion treatment of coal):
5	(1) that is used in a new or existing energy generating facility and
6	directly or indirectly reduces or avoids airborne emissions:
7	(A) of:
8	(i) carbon, sulfur, mercury, or nitrogen oxides;
9	(ii) particulate matter; or
20	(iii) other regulated air emissions;
21	(B) that are associated with the combustion or use of coal;
22	and
23	(C) that are regulated, or reasonably anticipated by the
24	commission to be regulated, by:
25	(i) the federal government;
26	(ii) the state;
27	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; or
28	(iv) any agency of a unit of government described in
29	items (i) through (iii); and
0	(2) that either:
31	(A) was not in general commercial use at the same or greater
32	scale in new or existing facilities in the United States at the
3	time of enactment of the federal Clean Air Act Amendments
4	of 1990 (P.L.101-549); or
55	(B) has been selected by the United States Department of
66	Energy for funding under its Innovative Clean Coal
37	Technology program and is finally approved for such funding
8	on or after the date of enactment of the federal Clean Air Act

1	Amendments of 1990 (P.L.101-549).
2	SECTION 8. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this
3	SECTION, "commission" refers to the Indiana utility regulatory
4	commission created by IC 8-1-1-2.
5	(b) As used in this SECTION, "electric utility" means a public
6	utility (as defined in IC 8-1-2-1(a)) that:
7	(1) provides retail electric service to:
8	(A) more than four hundred thousand (400,000); but
9	(B) less than five hundred thousand (500,000);
10	retail electric customers in Indiana on April 1, 2007; and
11	(2) has a service area that includes, among other counties,
12	each of the counties described in IC 36-7-7.6-1.
13	(c) As used in this SECTION, "electric utility holding company"
14	means a corporation, company, partnership, or limited liability
15	company that owns an electric utility.
16	(d) As used in this SECTION, "regional public power
17	authority" means a multicounty public power authority established
18	to:
19	(1) acquire the generation, transmission, and distribution
20	assets of an electric utility or an electric utility holding
21	company;
22	(2) own and operate the assets described in subdivision (1);
23	and
24	(3) act as a nonprofit utility to provide retail electric service
25	to residential, commercial, industrial, and governmental
26	customers within the participating units.
27	(e) Upon the request of the county executives of three (3) or
28	more counties that are located in an electric utility's service area,
29	the commission shall study the feasibility of establishing a regional
30	public power authority. The study required by this subsection must
31	include the following:
32	(1) An examination of the need to:
33	(A) enact new state statutes or regulations; or
34	(B) amend existing state statutes or regulations;
35	to permit the establishment of a regional public power
36	authority.
37	(2) A valuation of the electric utility's generation,
38	transmission, and distribution assets to be acquired by the

1	regional public power authority.
2	(3) A study of:
3	(A) existing and potential funding sources or other
4	mechanisms, including the use of eminent domain,
5	available to the regional public power authority to acquire
6	the assets described in subdivision (2); and
7	(B) the method for determining each participating unit's
8	respective:
9	(i) contribution toward the acquisition of the assets; and
10	(ii) ownership interest in the assets acquired.
11	(4) A study of similarly sized public power authorities
12	operating in the United States, including information on the
13	assets, expenses, operations, management, and customer bases
14	of the authorities, to the extent the information is available.
15	(5) A cost benefit analysis of establishing a regional public
16	power authority.
17	(6) A determination of whether the establishment of a regional
18	public power authority is in the public interest.
19	(7) An examination of any other issues concerning the
20	establishment of a regional public power authority that the
21	commission considers relevant or necessary for study.
22	(f) As necessary to conduct the study required by subsection (e),
23	the commission may:
24	(1) make use of the commission's existing resources and
25	technical staff;
26	(2) employ or consult with outside analysts, engineers, experts,
27	or other professionals; and
28	(3) consult with other:
29	(A) public power authorities operating in the United
30	States; or
31	(B) state regulatory commissions that:
32	(i) regulate public power authorities; or
33	(ii) have conducted similar studies.
34	(g) Not later than December 31, 2007, the commission shall
35	provide a report to the following on the commission's findings from
36	the study conducted under subsection (e):
37	(1) The regulatory flexibility committee established by
38	IC 8-1-2.6-4. The report provided to the regulatory flexibility

1	committee under this subsection must be separate from the
2	commission's annual report to the regulatory flexibility
3	committee under IC 8-1-2.5-9(b).
4	(2) The legislative council. The report provided to the
5	legislative council under this subsection must be in an
6	electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
7	(3) The county executive of each county in the electric utility's
8	service area on April 1, 2007.
9	(h) The report required by subsection (g) must contain the
10	following:
11	(1) A summary of the commission's findings with respect to
12	each issue set forth in subsection (e).
13	(2) Recommendations to the regulatory flexibility committee
14	on any legislation needed to establish a regional public power
15	authority.
16	(3) Any other findings or recommendations that the
17	commission considers relevant or useful to the entities
18	described in subsection (g).
19	(i) Before the commission submits its report under subsection
20	(g), any entity described in subsection (g) may require the
21	commission to provide one (1) or more status reports on the
22	commission's study under subsection (e). A status report provided
23	to the legislative council under this subsection must be in an
24	electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
25	(j) The regulatory flexibility committee:
26	(1) shall review the analyses and recommendations of the
27	commission contained in:
28	(A) any status reports provided by the commission under
29	subsection (i); and
30	(B) the commission's final report provided under
31	subsection (g); and
32	(2) may recommend to the general assembly any legislation
33	that is necessary to establish a regional public power
34	authority in Indiana, if the regulatory flexibility committee
35	determines that the establishment of a regional public power
36	authority is in the public interest.
37	(k) This SECTION does not empower the commission or any

entity described in subsection (g) to require an electric utility to

- disclose confidential and proprietary business plans and other confidential information without adequate protection of the
- 2 confidential information without adequate protection of the 3 information. The commission and all entities described in
- 4 subsection (g) shall exercise all necessary caution to avoid
- 5 disclosure of confidential information supplied under this
- 6 **SECTION.**".
- 7 Delete page 8.
- 8 Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 206 as reprinted February 2, 2007.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Representative Crooks